



### Science Map

			Science Map			
	Term 1	Term 2	Term 3	Term 4	Term 5	Term 6
Nursery	Traditional Tales/ Nursery Rhymes and songs	Celebrations To explore the world around me with all my senses	Winter Wonderland To explore natural and man- made materials	People Who Help Us To talk To learn about nurses,	Mad about minibeast To observe the life cycle of a butterfly in class	Down on the farm To begin to talk about the key features of life cycles, using
	To begin to notice some of the differences between people	To talk about differences between materials and changes I have noticed.	To talk about natural materials using a wide vocabulary linked to all my senses - Winter	doctors and dentists and how they help us take care of our bodies	I can begin to talk about key features of life cycles using key vocabulary	key vocabulary  To show care for living things, including plants and animals
	To identify and name facial features.		To explore the world around me with all my senses		To learn about minibeasts in other countries	(Rand Farm Visit)
	To learn about similarities and differences when cooking,				Fantasy	Summer Holidays
	such as porridge, gingerbread men and cakes		To explore natural and man- made materials		To introduce and explore natural materials, using my	To talk about some of the changes in the natural world
			To talk about natural materials using a wide		senses	such as the weather linked to seasonal change
			vocabulary linked to all my senses		To choose materials that are fit for purpose	To explore floating and sinking and make
			To explore the world around me with all my senses -Winter		To experiment and discuss floating and sinking. To talk about different forces I can feel e.g. water pushing up when trying to push an object under	observations
Reception	Love Your Selfie	Whatever Next	Winter Wonderland	Once Upon A Time	People Who Help Us	Down In The Jungle
	To identify and name facial features and body parts linked to similarities and differences.	To talk about what I can see outside using vocabulary  To describe what I see hear and feel	To explore the natural world  To talk about some of the changes in the natural world such as the weather linked to	To show care for living things- plants – beanstalk  To talk about the life cycle of animals/ plants using new	To learn about nurses, doctors and dentists and how they help us take care of our bodies. To learn about	I can show care for living things and the environment  I can talk about what I can
	To talk about differences in material	To observe and interact with natural processes, such as light travelling through a	seasonal change  To talk about changing state of matter, for example	vocabulary	healthy eating and the impact it has on our body	see, using key vocabulary  (Visit to Woodside Wildlife Park)
		transparent material and an object casting a shadow	freezing, melting.  To observe the natural world			To learn about animals in other countries
		To talk about different forces, stretching an elastic band and snapping a twig.	and observe how animals behave differently as the season changes.			To observe the natural world
		Celebrations	To explore the natural world			and observe how animals behave differently eg habitat

To talk about what I see	and make observations to draw pictures	and environment
outside using vocabulary eg	· ·	To make observations, draw
Autumn.		pictures and describe animals
To describe what I see hear		and plants (from photos and real life experiences) – wild
and feel		animals
To change materials eg mixing paint		Visit to Wildlife Park
		To talk about the life cycle of animals/ plants using new vocabulary
		To describe another

SU	ıce

### Year 1 objectives

### Year 2 objectives

# Animals, including humans:

To identify, name, draw and label the basic parts of the human body and say which part of the body is associated with each sense.

To notice that animals, including humans, have offspring which grow into adults.

To find out about and describe the basic needs of animals, including humans, for survival (water, food and air)

To describe the importance for humans of exercise, eating the right amounts of different types of food, and hygiene.

**Seasonal changes** To observe changes across the 4 seasons.

To observe and describe weather associated with the seasons and how day length varies.

#### Working Scientifically:

To observe closely. To use observations and ideas to suggest answers to questions.

**Everyday Materials:** To distinguish between an object and the material from which it is made.

To identify and name a variety of everyday materials, including wood, plastic, glass, metal, water, and rock.

To describe the simple physical properties of a variety of everyday materials.

To identify and compare the suitability of a variety of everyday materials, including wood, metal, plastic, glass, brick, rock, paper and cardboard for particular uses.

### Working Scientifically:

To identify and classify.
(Sorting Materials)
To carry out simple tests.
To observe closely
To gather and record data to help answer questions.

# Animals, including humans:

To identify and name a variety of common animals including fish, amphibians, reptiles, birds and mammals.

To identify and name a variety of common animals that are carnivores, herbivores and omnivores.

To describe and compare the structure of a variety of common animals (fish, amphibians, reptiles, birds and mammals including pets)

# Living things and their habitats:

To explore and compare the differences between things that are living, dead, and things that have never been alive.

To identify that most living things live in habitats to which they are suited and describe how different habitats provide for the basic needs of different kinds of animals and plants, and how they depend on each other.

To identify and name a variety of plants and animals in their habitats, including microhabitats.

Working Scientifically: To identify and classify. To use observations and ideas to suggest answers to questions. Everyday Materials: To distinguish between an object and the material from which it is made.

To identify and name a variety of everyday materials, including wood, plastic, glass, metal, water, and rock.

To describe the simple physical properties of a variety of everyday materials.

To compare and group together a variety of everyday materials on the basis of their simple physical properties.

To identify and compare the suitability of a variety of everyday materials, including wood, metal, plastic, glass, brick, rock, paper and cardboard for particular uses.

To find out how the shapes of solid objects made from some materials can be changed by squashing, bending, twisting and stretching.

#### Working Scientifically:

To carry out simple tests. To use observations to answer questions.

To gather and record data to help answer questions.

### Plants:

To identify and name a variety of common wild and garden plants, including deciduous and evergreen trees.

To identify and describe the basic structure of a variety of common flowering plants, including trees.

To observe and describe how seeds and bulbs grow into mature plants.

To find out and describe how plants need water, light and a suitable temperature to grow and stay healthy.

### Working Scientifically:

To ask questions and recognise they can be answered in different ways.

To carry out simple tests. To use observations to answer questions.

To gather and record data to help answer questions.

# Animals, including humans:

To identify and name a variety of common animals including fish, amphibians, reptiles, birds and mammals.

To identify and name a variety of common animals that are carnivores, herbivores and omnivores.

To describe and compare the structure of a variety of common animals (fish, amphibians, reptiles, birds and mammals including pets)

# Living things and their habitats:

To identify that most living things live in habitats to which they are suited and describe how different habitats provide for the basic needs of different kinds of animals and plants, and how they depend on each other.

To describe how animals obtain their food from plants and other animals, using the idea of a simple food chain, and identify and name different sources of food.

Working
Scientifically: To identify and classify. To use observations to answer questions.